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"Section 23. The sum of \$6,500 a year is hereby appropriated to pay for the services of the director, and of such assistance as may be necessary, to procure the necessary supplies, and to meet the other necessary expenses of said laboratory, which sum shall be expended under the supervision of the State board of health."

Undertakers and Embalmers—Licenses—Renewal of. (Chap. 310, Act Apr. 1, 1915.)

Section 9 of chapter 181 of the public laws of 1911 is hereby amended by striking out the whole of said section and substituting therefore the following:

"Section 9. All licenses which have been, or may be issued to undertakers by the State board of embalming examiners, shall expire on the 31st day of December annually: *Provided*, That the licensee hereafter issued shall be valid and shall not expire the last day of the following year. Any person holding an embalmer's license under the provisions of this act may have the same renewed by making and filing with the secretary of said board of examiners an application therefor within 30 days preceding the expiration of his or her license, upon blanks prescribed by said board and upon payment of \$1 renewal fee: *Provided, however*, That any person neglecting or failing to have his or her license renewed as above, may have the same renewed by making application therefor within 30 days after date of expiration, and upon payment of \$2 revival and renewal fees."

MASSACHUSETTS.

Tuberculosis—Reimbursement of Towns and Cities for Money Expended—Investigation of, by State Department of Health and Trustees of Hospitals. (Chap. 24, Act Mar. 23, 1915.)

Resolved, That the State department of health and the trustees of hospitals for consumptives are hereby authorized and directed to investigate the subject of reimbursing cities and towns for money expended by them in the care at hospitals of persons suffering from tuberculosis, and especially the subject matter contained in senate document No. 102 of the current year, and to report the result of their investigation to the general court on or before the second Wednesday of January next, together with any recommendations for legislation which said department and trustees may deem expedient.

Tuberculosis—Expenses of Trustees of Hospitals for. (Chap. 111, Act Mar. 2, 1915.)

SECTION 1. The sums hereinafter mentioned are appropriated, to be paid out of the treasury of the Commonwealth from the ordinary revenue, for the expenses of the trustees of hospitals for consumptives, for the fiscal year ending on the 30th day of November, 1915, to wit:

For the salaries of the secretary and clerks, a sum not exceeding \$5,069.49.

For traveling and other necessary expenses of the trustees, to include printing and binding of their annual report, a sum not exceeding \$4,700.

For the salary of an agent to inspect hospitals in cities and towns, \$1,400.

For salary of a trained social worker to look up discharged patients, a sum not exceeding \$1,200.

Drugs and Poisons—Analyses of, by State Department of Health—Legal Effect of Certificate. (Chap. 104, Act Mar. 25, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Chapter 495 of the acts of the year 1910 is hereby amended by striking out section 2 and inserting in place thereof the following:

"SEC. 2. The analyst or an assistant analyst of the State department of health shall, upon request, furnish a signed certificate, under oath, of the result of the analysis provided for in section 1 to any police officer or any agent of an incorporated charitable organization, and the presentation of such certificate to the court by any police officer or agent of any such organization shall be *prima facie* evidence that all the requirements and provisions of section 1 have been duly complied with. This certificate

shall be sworn to before a justice of the peace or notary public, and the jurat shall contain an allegation that the subscriber is the analyst or an assistant analyst of the State department of health, and when properly executed shall be *prima facie* evidence of the composition and quality of the drugs analyzed, and the court shall take judicial notice of the signature of the analyst or assistant analyst, and of the fact that he is such."

NORTH CAROLINA.

Tuberculosis—Training School for Nurses for Treatment of. (Act Mar. 8, 1915.)

SECTION 1. The State sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis, located at Sanatorium, N. C., is hereby authorized and power is hereby expressly given it to organize and conduct a training school for nurses in connection with the said sanatorium.

SEC. 2. The superintendent of the said, the North Carolina sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis, shall be *ex officio* dean of the training school for nurses, and he shall have power and authority to appoint such faculty, prescribe such course or courses of lectures, study, and clinical work; and award such diplomas, certificates, or other evidence of the completion of such course or courses as he may think wise and proper, and perform such other functions and do such other acts as he may think necessary in the conduct of the said training school.

Tuberculosis—Local Authorities Authorized to Provide for Treatment at State Sanatorium. (Act Mar. 9, 1915.)

SECTION 1. That any city or town in the State of North Carolina through its board of aldermen, town council, or other governing body, and any county in the State of North Carolina through its board of commissioners, is hereby authorized and empowered to provide for the treatment of any tubercular person or persons resident in and who is a bona fide citizen of said city, town, or county, at the North Carolina sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis, and pay therefor to the said North Carolina sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis an amount which shall not be more than \$1 per day per patient.

OREGON.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum—Notification of Cases—Directions for Treatment of. (Chap. 210, Act Feb. 23, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Should one or both eyes of an infant become inflamed or swollen or reddened at any time within two weeks after birth, it shall be the duty of the mid-wife or nurse, or other person having the care of such infant, to report in writing within 24 hours after the discovery thereof, to the health officer or legally qualified practitioner of the city, town, or district in which the mother of the child resides, the fact that such inflammation or swelling or redness exists.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of said health officer, immediately upon receipt of said written report, to notify the parents or the person having charge of said infant of the danger to the eye or eyes of said infant by reason of said condition from neglect of proper treatment of the same, and he shall also inclose to them directions for the proper treatment thereof.

SEC. 3. Every health officer shall furnish a copy of this act to each person who is known to him to act as midwife or nurse in the city or town for which such health officer is appointed, and the State board of health shall cause a sufficient number of copies of this act to be printed and supply the same to such health officer on application.

SEC. 4. Any failure to comply with the provisions of this act shall be punishable by fine of \$25 to \$100 or imprisonment not to exceed 30 days, or both.

[This act becomes effective May 22, 1915.]